

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

KAROO COLLECTION

| PROPERTY | STANDARD | MINIMUM SPECIFICATION REQUIRED |
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| Composition | N/A | 100% Trevira CS |
| Weight (g/m2) | (+/- 3%) | Zebra 235g, Leopard 190g, Kite 190g, Nimbus 220g |
| Width (cm) | (+/-2%) (+/-5%) | +/- 2% Leopard 295cm, Kite 310cm, Nimbus 310cm +/- 5% Zebra 140cm (due to shrink yarn in weft) |
| Construction | N/A | Woven |
| Tensile Strength (N) | BS EN ISO 13934-1 | >300 |
| Seam Slippage (mm) | BS EN ISO 13936-2 | <6 |
| Martindale Pilling (cycles) | BS EN ISO 12945 | 4 at 2000 cycles |
| Wash Shrinkage | ISO 5077 | <3% to care instructions |
| Colour Fastness to Water (grade) | BS EN ISO 105 E01 | 4 |
| Colour Fastness to Light (grade) | BS EN ISO 105 B02 | 5 |
| Colour Fastness to Washing to care instructions (grade) | BS EN ISO 105 CO6 | 4 |
| Colour Fastness to Dry Cleaning (grade) | BS EN ISO 105 D01 | 4 |
| Flammability | BS 5867 Part 2 Type C (Curtains & Drapes) | Pass |
| | BS7175 Section 3-Ignition source 0,1 & 5 (Bedspreads & Coverlets) | Pass |
| | DIN 4102 Class B1 | Pass |
| | NFP 92-503 Class M1 | Pass |
| | UNI VF 8456 Italian Class Uno | Pass |
| | IMO Res A.471 (X11) IMO A563 (14) Curtains & Drapes | Pass |
| End Uses | Curtains, Bedcovers, Scatter Cushions | |
| Cleaning/care Instructions | <p>Wash at 30°C Gentle Cycle Do not bleach Low heat iron Dry clean (sensitive conditions) Do not tumble dry</p> <p>Before laundering curtains, always remove all curtain hooks and un-draw the heading tapes. Washing inside out will assist to reduce wear, maintain the original colour and ultimately increase the serviceable life of the product.</p> <p>Avoid any contact with bleach-based cleaning agents as this can cause significant damage to the fabric.</p> | |
| Installation Instructions | <p><u>Sunlight Degradation to fabrics</u></p> <p>The process of sunlight fading fabrics is called photodegradation. This photodegradation breaks down the chemical bonds of dyes in fabrics fading them over time and, in turn, degrades the fabric itself. Prolonged exposure to sunlight will, in the long-term, make fabric</p> | |

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| | <p>brittle and accelerate disintegration. Bold colours are more prone to fading than lighter colours and fading will appear faster.</p> <p>It is widely recommended that for windows orientated such that they have a high exposure to sunlight (for example South facing windows, in the UK), UV reflective glazing is installed, or UV reflecting window film is installed where this is not practical.</p> <p>For window coverings, lining curtains is also an effective way to reduce the sunlight exposure onto face-fabrics, although it should be noted that the linings themselves will then absorb all light and are therefore likely to need replacing over time. Similarly, installing sheers will reflect an element of sunlight and allow occupants privacy in the room. Allowing extra width on tracks or poles allows the fabric to be pulled clear of the windows when curtains are open, preventing excessive sunlight exposure.</p> <p>It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure all cleaning and installation instructions are passed onto the end user.</p> |
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